

Design Build Instructions to Proposers (ITP) and Request for Proposals (RFP) Development

Name

Roger Millar, Secretary of Transportation

Safety

- Sign-in
- Who is CPR Qualified?
- AED
- Who will call 911?
- Evacuation
- Restrooms
- Breaks

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Course Overview

- RFP Production General Principles
- Developing the Request for Proposals
- · Contents of the Request for Proposals
- Instructions to Proposers
- · Proposal Evaluations
- Award Process

RFP Production – General Principles



Risk and Design-Build

- · Risk allocation
- Design example
- Risk matrix

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	De	sign-Bio	d-Build		Design	-Build Prod
	Owner	Shared	Contractor	Change	Owner	Design Buil
RISK				-		
esign Issues Definition of Scope	X				X	
Project Definition	X				X	
Establishing Performance Requirement	x				x	
Preliminary survey/base map	X				×	
Geotech Investigation - Initial Borings based on prel des.	x				×	
Geotech Investigation - Initial Borings based on prei des. Geotech Investigation - Initial Borings based on proposal	X				^	Х
Establish/Define initial subsurface conditions	x			_	X	^
Init proj Geotechnical Anal/Report based on prel. Des.	x				X	
Proposal specific Geotechnical Analysis/Report	x				_^	X
Plan conformance with regulations/guidelines/RFP	X			_		X
Plan accuracy	x			$\vec{\exists}$		X
Design Criteria	X				X	
Conformance to Design Criteria	X			-		X
Design Review Process	X					X
Design QC	X			-		X
Design QA	X			→		X
Owner Review Time	X				X	
Changes in Scope	X				X	
Constructability of Design	x			→		X
Contaminated Materials	X				X	

Clearly Identify Risk

- Risk allocation must be equitable
- Unclear risk will increase project cost
- Design-build is not a "magic bullet"

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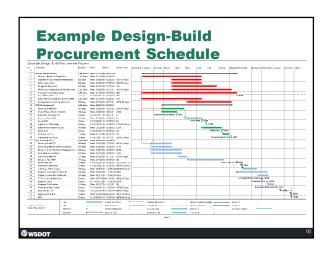
Use Design-Build Templates

- Access from DB Program SharePoint Site
- Standardize Procurement Process
- http://sharedot/eng/cn/hqconstr/dpb/sitepages/ home.aspx



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Procurement Process Advertise Project Proposals Submitted Selection Issue RFQ ATCs Submitted Award SOQs Submitted One on One Meetings Short List Issue ITP and RFP



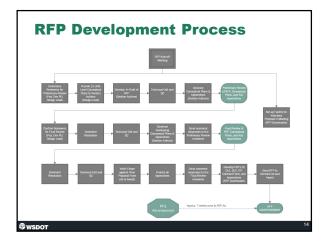
	nple Schedu		,								
	RFP Schedule										
405/SR12 to SR520	- Safety & Improvements (\$350m)					_					
Task Owner	Task	Duration (days)	Start	Finish	3/4/19	3/11/19	3/18/19	3/25/19	4/1/19	4/15/19	4/22/19
	RFQ/SOQ Development, Evaluation & Shortlist		7/13/2019	11/8/2019		Ш	Ш	Ш	4	\perp	Ш
	Develop RFQ, RFQ Ad	60.0	7/13/2019	9/11/2019	┖	Ш	\Box	_	4	\perp	
	SOQ Development	35.0	9/11/2019	10/16/2019	┖	Ш	ш	_	4	\perp	
	Voluntary Submitters Meeting	Milestone	9/14/2019	9/14/2019	┖	Ш	ш	_	4	\perp	Ш
	Deadline for submitting RFQ ?s	Milestone	10/2/2019	10/2/2019	┖	Ш	ш	_	4	\perp	Ш
	Deadline for WSDOT Response to RFQ ?s	Milestone	10/9/2019	10/9/2019	┖	Ш	ш	_	4	\perp	
	SOQ Due Date	Milestone	10/16/2019	10/16/2019	┖	Ш	ш	Ш	4	\perp	Ш
	Evaluate SOQ, Shortlist	23.0	10/16/2019	11/8/2019		ш	ш	_			
	Develop RFP, RFP Ad		3/11/2019	11/15/2019							
	Draft RFP		3/11/2019	6/5/2019		Ш		Ш	4		
Team Leader	RFP Development Kickoff Mtg	0.0	3/11/2019	3/11/2019				Ш			
Author	Develop Draft RFP	42.0	3/11/2019	4/22/2019	L						
Tech Editor/Author	Technical Edit & QC	21.0	4/22/2019	5/13/2019							
Tech Editor/Team Lead	Create PDF Documents & Distribute for Review	1.0	5/13/2019	5/14/2019							
Reviewers	Draft Review Period	21.0	5/14/2019	6/4/2019		Ш	Ш	Ш			
Tech Editor	Compile Comments, Distribute to Authors	1.0	6/4/2019	6/5/2019	Ш	Ш		_			
	Final RFP				L	Ш	Ш				
Author	Resolve comments, Develop Final RFP	28.0	6/5/2019	7/3/2019	Ш	Ш	ш	Ш	_		
Tech Editor/Author Technical Edit & QC		21.0	7/3/2019	7/24/2019	L	Ш	ш	Ш	_		Ш
Tech Editor/Team Lead	Create PDF Documents & Distribute for Review	1.0	7/24/2019	7/25/2019	Ш	Ш	ш	Ш	_		
Reviewers	Final Review Period	14.0	7/25/2019	8/8/2019		П	\Box	J	_		П
Tech Editor	Compile Comments, Distribute to Authors	1.0	8/8/2019	8/9/2019			ſΠ	. Т			П



Roles and Responsibilities

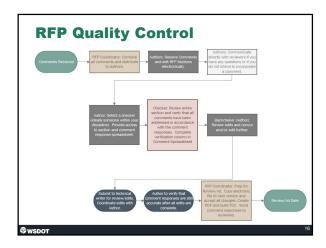
- Project Development / Design Lead
- RFP Coordinator
- · Chapter 2 Section Authors
- ASCE
- HQ Design-Build Team
- Ad & Award Office
- · Region Management

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RFP Document Text

- Clear
- Concise
- Consistent



Contents of the RFP



Contract Documents – Order of Precedence

- Change Orders and supplemental agreements
- Contract Form
- Betterments
- Chapter 1 General Provisions
- Chapter 2 Technical Requirements
- Contract Documents identified in Appendix A1
- Design-Builder's Proposal

Chapter 2, Technical Requirements

- 2.1 General Information
- 2.2 Mandatory Standards
- 2.5 Surveys and Mapping
- 2.6 Geotechnical
- 2.7 Pavement
- 2.8 Environmental
- 2.9 Communications 2.10 Utilities and Relocation
- Agreements
- 2.11 Roadway
- 2.12 Project Documentation
- 2.13 Bridges and Structures
- 2.14 Hydraulics
- 2.15 Roadside Restoration (Landscape and Aesthetics)

- 2.16 Illumination
- 2.17 Traffic Signals
- 2.18 Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)
- 2.19 Signing
- 2.20 Pavement Marking
- 2.21 Traffic Operations
- 2.22 Maintenance of Traffic (MOT)
- 2.23 Railroad
- 2.24 Right of Way (ROW)
- 2.25 Control of Materials
- 2.26 Toll Infrastructure
- 2.28 Quality Management Plan
- 2.29 Maintenance During Construction

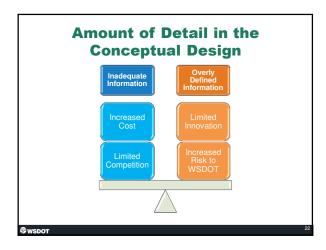
Conceptual Plans

- · Basic Configuration
 - Elements of the Conceptual Plans that are defined as being contractual.
- Conceptual Design
 - Preliminary design concept, including the Basic Configuration, presented in Appendix M and the conceptual Utility Relocation plans presented in Appendix U, if any.
- · Conceptual Plans
 - Appendix M1

Design Development

- · Initial Development: Pre-procurement
 - Basic Configuration
 - Conceptual Design
- · Design-Builder's Proposal
- Implementation





Contract Documents vs. Reference

CONTRACT DOCUMENTS REFERENCE

- · Determine the mandatory minimums for project
- · Limit "requirements" to project parameters
- · Allow Proposers to innovate and exceed
- · Shifts risk to Proposer
- Useful information, but may be outdated
- · Possible conflict with Contract Requirements

Appendix A1 - RFP Documents

The following is a list of documents included in the RFP. The documents are categorized as Contract Documents, Basic Configuration Documents and Reference Documents.

- C = Contract Documents
 BC = Reference Documents except where Basic Configuration elements are depicted or otherwise described
 R = Reference Document, not part of the Contract Documents
 N/A = Not Applicable

Referenced As	RFP Documents	BC, C,	Issue Date
	The Design-Builder's Proposal	С	
	Revisions to The Design-Builder's Proposal (BAFO)	С	
RFQ	Request for Qualifications	R	11/24/2015
ITP	Instructions to Proposers	R	6/27/2016
Chapter 1	General Provisions	С	6/2/2016
Chapter 2	Technical Requirements	С	6/15/2016
Contract Form	Contract Form	С	6/27/2016
Appendix A	PROJECT FILES		
	RFP Documents	С	6/27/2016
Appendix A2	Electronic Files	R	6/2/2016
Appendix B	SPECIFICATIONS / AMENDMENTS / SPECIAL PROVISIONS		
Appendix B1	Standard Specifications	С	2/1/2016
Appendix B2	Amendments to the Standard Specifications	С	4/6/2016
	Special Provisions	С	4/6/2016
Appendix B4	Olympic Region Miscellaneous Special Provisions	С	2/1/2016

Types of Reference Documents

- · As-Built Plans
- · Historic environmental documents
- · Old Geotech Reports
- · Old boring logs
- Photographs

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Example Appendix Documents

- · Design Surveys
- · Geotechnical Investigation (GBR, GDR)
- · Utilities Investigation
- Environmental Investigation

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Geotechnical Conditions

- · Geotechnical Baseline Report (GBR)
 - WSDOT supplies, responsible for accuracy
 - Provides the basis for Differing Site Conditions
- · Geotechnical Data Report (GDR)
 - Provides boring logs
 - Proposers responsible for drawing conclusions from information.
- Supplemental Geotechnical Data Report (SGDR)
 - Proposers request WSDOT to perform additional borings (Optional)
- · Additional Geotechnical Investigation
 - Proposers responsible to perform
 - Must request approval from WSDOT

Utilities

- Identify utilities and location
- · Include utility agreements



- · Three options:
 - 1. No Utilities
 - Utilities Option-A
 (WSDOT arranges for the relocation/DB collects funds from Agencies)
 - Utilities Option-B
 (WSDOT transfers franchise enforcement rights to design-builder).

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Environmental (NEPA/SEPA)

- Considerable risk to both WSDOT and design-builder.
- Thorough scope with clear definition and risk assignment for all environmental activities.
- Prescriptive requirements for documentation and reporting
- Permitting usually best managed by WSDOT
- Coordinate early with the WSDOT Environmental Manager

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Right of Way and Access

- Preliminary Parcel Impact Maps
 - Developed from County Assessor Maps
 - Identify parcel owner and type of impact
- · Conceptual Design Roadway Plan Sheets
 - Specifies horizontal and vertical tolerances
- Additional Acquisitions and Temporary Easements
 - Responsibility of Design-Builder
 - However, acquisition under the control of WSDOT

Traffic Information

Elements of Traffic Information:

- Identify controlling guidelines (WSDOT or AASHTO)
- Traffic Management Strategies
- Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) Requirements



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Other Provisions

- Pavement
- Noise
- Third Party Agreements

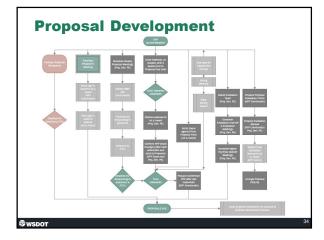


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Instructions to Proposers



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Contents of the ITP

- · General Information
- Procurement Process
- · Proposal Delivery, Content and Format
- · Proposal Evaluation Process
- Contract Award and Execution
- · Practical Design Workshop
- Proposer Stipends
- Protests
- Appendices

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Focus on Project Goals

- · Clearly identify contract requirements
- · Allow room for flexibility and innovation
- · Provide opportunity to reward excellence
- · Use technical credits to exceed goals



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General Information

- · Scope of Work and Description of Project
- · Project Goals
- · Procurement Schedule
- MSVWBE/UDBE Goals (If Applicable)



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MSVWBE/DBE Goals

- Voluntary Goals (if established)
- Federal DBE Performance Plan
 - If applicable
 - Pass/Fail
 - Minimum elements
 - Definition of Good Faith Efforts

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Organizational Conflicts of Interest

• Definition:

Because of other activities a person or entity

- Is unable or potentially unable to render impartial assistance or advice to WSDOT.
- Is or might be otherwise impaired in its objectivity in performing the Contract Work.
- Has an unfair competitive advantage.
- · Proposers must disclose

Organizational Conflicts of Interest (WSDOT Response)

- WSDOT may:
 - Offer to avoid/neutralize conflict
 - Disqualify
 - Declare Proposal non-responsive
- Federal regulations apply: See 23 CFR §636.116
- · See OCOI Manual

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Communications During Proposal Phase

- · Confidentiality is essential!
- WSDOT Representative
 - Receives Proposer questions, ATC submittals, all other communications about Project and RFP
- Contract Ad and Award Office
 - Receives Proposals
- Any Proposer engaging in prohibited DENTIAL communications may be disqualified

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Proposer Questions and RFP Addenda

- Proposers may submit questions regarding the ITP or RFP by deadline
- Questions and responses are published on the project website
- · WSDOT may issue addenda



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Voluntary Proposers Meeting

- · Introduction of WSDOT Project Team
- · Project Scope
- · Project Goals
- · Review any unique RFP content
- Engineers Estimate/Upset Amount
- · Procurement Schedule
- · Outstanding ROW
- · Supplemental Boring Program
- ATC Process

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One on One Meetings

- All of the communications are STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL!
- · Conducted individually with Proposer
- Proposers can ask questions, clarify the RFP and vet ATC ideas
- WSDOT can discover whether there are issues with the RFP

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Alternative Technical Concept

Definition:

- A confidential request by a Proposer to modify a contract requirement specifically for that Proposer prior to the Proposal due date.
- · Overall "equal or better" project.
 - Requests that merely delete scope or reduce performance are not ATCs.
- Approval of the ATC is solely within WSDOT's discretion.
 - Must be fully approved before submission of the Proposal.

Benefits of the ATC

- · Reduces cost
- · Promotes innovation
- · Maintains flexibility



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Key Personnel

- · Proposers must maintain its team.
 - Proposers must obtain written permission to add or replace any "Major Participant" or "Key Personnel"
 - Request for approval must include a "side by side" comparison
 - WSDOT has the sole discretion to approve



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Proposal Bond

- Definition
 - Bond provided by Proposers to guarantee that the Proposer will:
 - Not withdraw its Proposal after the Proposal Due Date
 - Execute the contract if selected
- Amount
 - 5% of total amount of the Proposal Price

ITP Forms

Design-Build Proposal Form and Signature Page

Price Proposal Form B

Form C Upset Amount Determination

Form D Contract Time/Milestone Completion Deadlines

Form E

Identification of Proposer, Guarantors, Major Participants, Earthwork Subcontractors, Structures Subcontractors and Each Subconsultant and Subcontractor Performing 20

Percent or More of the design-build Work

Form F Proposal Bond

ITP Forms

Form G Non-Collusion Declaration

Form H Certification for Federal-Aid Contracts

Form K Form of Guaranty

Form L Utility Certification

Stipend Agreement Form M Form N Stipend Invoice

WSDOT Form 271-015 Subcontractor List Form O

Form Q Option for Use of WSDOT-Owned Property

Organizational Conflicts of Interest - Disclosure and Avoidance/Neutralization Plan

Form S Organizational Conflicts of Interest Certification

Format of Proposals

- · Determine the number of pages for each section.
 - Default page size -- 8.5 x 11
 - Graphic information 11 x 17
 - Font Times New Roman 12 point
- · Proposals should match the outline in the RFP
 - Allows for easier "apples to apples" evaluation
- · Limit the deliverables to only what is needed for the

Remember someone has to review all submittals!

Upset Amount

- · Designated in the ITP
- Form C "Upset Amount Determination"
- · Opened by Contract Ad and Award
- BAFO

One Proposal Less than Upset Amount

No BAFO

All Proposals are Over Upset Amount

- May request BAFO
- May cancel RFP

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Best and Final Offers

- · Definition:
 - A request from WSDOT to Proposers to submit final Proposals.
- · Mechanics:
 - WSDOT meets individually and confidentially with the Proposers to try to determine
 - Why Price Proposals are higher than expected.
 - Possible scope cut or different risk allocation
 - Whether RFP is unclear
 - WSDOT issues and addenda to RFP
 - All Proposers allowed to submit revised technical and price proposals in response

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Pass/Fail Criteria

- Initial review of submittals to determine whether responsive.
 - Key Personnel have not changed
 - Proposal Bond provided
 - Documents complete, accurate, responsive
- Pass/Fail Elements
 - Proposer Qualifications
 - Executive Summary
 - Submission of Required Forms

Irregularities

- · Material Irregularity
 - Gives one Submitter an advantage over others
 - Cannot waive

Immaterial Irregularity

- Does not affect procurement
- Can waive



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Price Proposal Form B



- · Lump Sum Price
 - Revenue Rule 170
 - Revenue Rule 171

· Other Possible Amounts

- Incentive/Disincentive
- Asphalt Cost Price Adjustment
- HMA Compliance Price Adjustments
- HMA Compaction Price Adjustments
- Material Compliance Price Adjustments
- Cyclic Density Price Adjustments
- Minor Change
- WSDOT Share DRB/Partnering
- Reimbursement for Third Party Damage

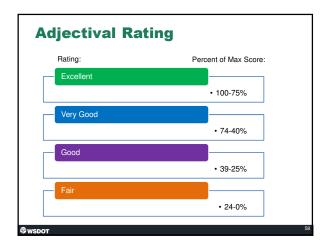
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Evaluation of Technical Proposals

- Technical Evaluation performed by Evaluation Team
 - Occurs without knowledge of price
 - Evaluation Criteria focuses on Project Goals
- For each scored Evaluation Criteria, determine "Strengths" and "Weaknesses"
- Evaluation Criteria Assigned Technical Credits



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Best Value Determination

Score =

Proposal Price – Sum of Technical Credits Earned

The Apparent Best Value Proposal is the responsive Proposal with the lowest Score from the above equation.

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Evaluation Criteria

Examples:

- · Project Management
 - Collaboration
 - Quality
- Design
- · Minimize Impacts
 - Schedule
 - Traffic
 - Community
- Environmental Compliance



Environmental Compliance

I-405, NE 6th St. to I-5 – NB Hard Shoulder Running & ETL Improvements

- · Goal:
 - Congestion Relief
- · Technical Credit
 - T = \$2,150,000 (D-120) * \$8,000
 - T = \$1,670,000

Where

- T = Technical Credits
- D = Number of Calendar Days from NTP required to achieve Northbound Congestion Relief Ready for Traffic milestone = 180

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I-405, NE 6th St. to I-5 – NB Hard Shoulder Running & ETL Improvements

- · Goal:
 - Excellent Project Management
- · Technical Credit
 - Provide a narrative that describes Proposer's collaborative approach
 - Provide a narrative that describes Proposer's quality approach
- Evaluation Criteria: Ability to achieve the Excellent Project Management Goal
- Maximum Technical Credits: \$175,000

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Betterments

- Definition
 - Any item included in the Design-Builder's Technical Proposal that clarifies the Design-Builder's intention to exceed a requirement included in the Contract Documents
- The Betterments are listed higher than the Proposal in Order of Precedence, General Provisions.

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MJ5 What Excel spreadsheet? Are we using the Flip charts? Missildine, Jolena, 12/21/2017

Best Value Example:I-5 Active Traffic Management System

Maximum Technical Credits:

Innovations in Dynamic Message Sign Design \$6,000,000
Project Management Approach \$2,000,000

Maintenance of Traffic
Lane and Ramp Closure \$1,500,000
Rolling Slowdown Plan \$250,000

Quality		\$ 200,000
Proposal Price	Technical Score	Apparent Best Value
\$41,296,078	\$3,150,000	\$38,146,078
\$34,450,000	\$1,790,000	\$32,660,000

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Best Value Example: SR 167 Puyallup River Bridge

Maximum Technical Credits:

 Manage Geotech Conditions
 \$1,700,000

 Excellent Quality
 \$ 650,000

 Minimize Impacts
 \$ 625,000

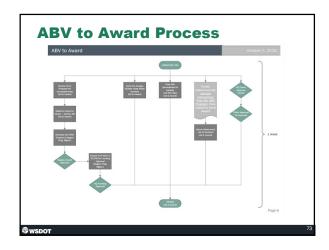
 Project Collaboration
 \$ 525,000

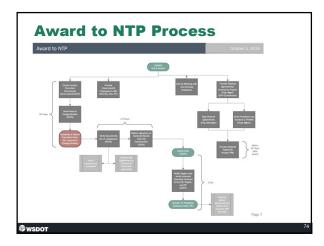
Proposal Price	Technical Score	Apparent Best Value
\$23,500,000	\$1,805,050	\$21,694,950
\$24,866,002	\$1,463,200	\$23,402,802
\$23,220,880	\$2,034,400	\$21,186,488

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Coordination with Ad and Award Office

- · Receive and distribute Proposals
- Perform pass/fail analysis
- · Open Form C
- Conduct Price Proposal Opening
- · Verify Selected Proposer
- Manage Contract Execution





Practical Design Workshop

- By agreement of the parties
- Within 7 days of contract execution
- Purpose:
 - Cost reduction
 - Innovation
 - Efficiency
- Changes are "Design-Builder Initiated Changes"

Debrief Meeting

- Definition:
 - Meeting with Proposers
 - Oral debriefing only
- · Purpose:
 - Provide feedback
 - Promote transparency
 - Improve future procurements
- Mechanics:
 - Proposers must request in writing.

Stipends



- · Enhance competition
- · Help defray costs
- Encourage submissions

"Owners should offer a reasonable stipend to unsuccessful shortlisted proposers when the proposal preparation requires a significant level of effort."

DBIA Transportation Best Practice Section I.3.f.

WSDOT Design-Build Training

The WSDOT Design-Build Training Courses have the following

- In Person Courses:
 - Design-Build 101 (Prerequisite to this course)
 - Design-Build Startup: Development of the Request for Qualifications and Instructions to Proposers

 - Design-Build Request for Proposals
 Design-Build Office Management and Contract Administration
 Design-Build Closeout Process

 - Environmental Issues in Design-Build
 - Quality Control/Quality Assurance in Design-Build
- · Online Courses:
 - Statement of Qualifications Evaluation
 - Proposal Evaluation
 - Alternative Technical Concept Evaluation

Headquarters Design-Build Contacts

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Mark Gaines, PE Lead Construction Engineer (360) 705-7827 gainesm@wsdot.wa.gov

Alex Countouriotis Design-Build Liaison (360) 705-7831 countoa@wsdot.wa.gov

Resources

- WSDOT Design-Build Web Page $\underline{\text{http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/Projects/delivery/designbuild/Default.htm}}$
- Joint Transportation Committee of Washington State Legislature Design-Build Study http://leg.wa.gov/JTC/Pages/Design-Build-Study.aspx
- WSDOT Design-Build Templates
- http://sharedot/eng/cn/hqconstr/dpb/DB%20Templates/Forms/AllIte ms.aspx
- Design-Build Institute of America Best Practices
- https://www.dbia.org/resource-center/Pages/Best-Practices.aspx

 Design-Build Institute of America Transportation Conference www.dbia.org

Questions

